SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOCOAT 1677-93

SECTION 1: Identif undertaking	ication of the substance/mixture and of the company/
1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: TEKNOCOAT 1677-93
	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product description	: Paint.
1.3 Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet
Teknos (UK) Limited, Unit +44 (0) 1608 683 494.	E1, Heath Farm, Banbury Road, Swerford, Oxfordshire OX7 4BN, United Kingdom. Tel.
E-mail: msds@teknos.se	e 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.
National contact	E1 Heath Form Banhury Bood, Sworford Ovfordabirs OV7 (DN Heitad Kingdom Tal
+44 (0) 1608 683 494.	E1, Heath Farm, Banbury Road, Swerford, Oxfordshire OX7 4BN, United Kingdom. Tel.
1.4 Emergency telephone	number
National advisory body/F	Poison Centre
Telephone number	: NHS: 111 (for advise), 999 (for emergency).
SECTION 2: Hazard	ds identification
2.1 Classification of the su	ubstance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
	to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336	
The product is classified as	s hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
See Section 16 for the full	text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more d	etailed information on health effects and symptoms.
2.2 Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement	-
Prevention	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

- : P303 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Rinse skin with water or shower. P305 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.
- : P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

Response

Storage

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: n-Butyl acetate Butan-1-ol
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:
2.3 Other hazards	
Others have a state of the state	Ning Language

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	<u>Classification</u> Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - <50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]	
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	CAS: 68002-18-6	≥5 - <10	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]	
Melamine P/W formaldehyde, butylated	CAS: 68002-25-5	≥5 - <10	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]	
Butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≥3 - <5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]	
Ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119457610-43 EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	≥1 - <3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[2]	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid r	asures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minute Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate ma or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or i respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personr It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep a rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and th exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treate promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If i is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur **TEKNOCOAT 1677-93**

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Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
4.3 Indication of any immedi	ate medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be d The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 l		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
SECTION 5: Firefigh	ting measures	
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising f	from the substance or mixture	
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.	
Hazardous combustion products	: In a fire, decomposition may produce toxic gases/fumes.	
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident i there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.	
SECTION 6: Accider	ntal release measures	
6.1 Personal precautions, pr	otective equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.	

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
6.3 Methods and material for	6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up			

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.
Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth
	and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

information on hygiene measures.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Name	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
formaldehyde Concentration >= 90%	5	50

CategoryNotification and MAPP
thresholdSafety report thresholdP5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b
C6: Flammable (R10)5000
500050000
50000

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient	name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate Butan-1-ol Ethanol		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 154 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1920 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Recommended monitoring : procedures	atmosphere or l of the ventilation protective equip the following: E the assessment limit values and atmospheres - (of exposure to o (Workplace atm for the measure	ontains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness in or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory ment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as suropean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 hospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be
DNELs/DMELs No DNELs/DMELs available.		
PNECs No PNECs available		
8.2 Exposure controls		
controls	ventilation or of contaminants b controls also ne explosive limits	dequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ther engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering eed to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower b. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measure Hygiene measures :	_	prearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,
nygione mousures	before eating, s Appropriate teo Wash contamir	smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. chniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. nated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	assessment inc gases or dusts unless the asse	r complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk dicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, . If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, essment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be d.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
	Filter type: A spray application Filter type: A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	1	Various
Odour	÷	Slight
Odour threshold	÷	Not available.
рН	÷	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	÷	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	1	Not available.
Flash point	÷	Closed cup: 28°C
Evaporation rate	÷	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	÷	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Lower: 0.8% Upper: 19%
Vapour pressure	:	Not available.
Vapour density	÷	Not available.
Density	÷	1.2 kg/l
Solubility(ies)	:	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	÷	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
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SECTION 9: Physica	I and chemical properties
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
9.2 Other information	
VOC	: 425 g/l
No additional information.	
SECTION 10: Stabili	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
5	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	16789.8 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Urea-formaldehyde-polymer	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
Butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		+	1	ł

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate Butan-1-ol			Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely	: Not available.
routes of exposure	

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	

Delayed and immediate	effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	-
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Nauplii	48 hours
Butan-1-ol	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	low
Butan-1-ol	1	-	low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT	and vPvB assessment
PBT	: Not applicable

- vPvB : Not applicable.
- **12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment metho	ls
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	-			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Special provisions 640 (E)	-	-	-
	Tunnel code (D/E)			

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation Annex XIV None of the components are listed. Substances of very high concern None of the components are listed. Annex XVII - Restrictions 12 on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles **Other EU regulations Europe inventory** : Not determined. **Seveso Directive** This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive. Named substances Name formaldehyde Concentration >= 90% **Danger criteria** Category P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b C6: Flammable (R10) International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E) Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)** Not listed. **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** Not listed. **15.2 Chemical Safety** This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still 2 Assessment required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information f	that has changed from previously issued version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
TEKNOCOAT 1677-93	Label No :11112

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Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]				
Classif	cation	Justification		
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method		
Full text of abbreviated H statements	: H225 H226 H302 (oral) H315 H318 H335 H336 H413	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.		
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 EUH066 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3		
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 19/12/2015			
Date of previous issue Version	: 14/06/2015 : 1.02			

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